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# **FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

## **FACING PAGE** Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/18	AND ENDING	12/31/18
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A.	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	6: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM ID. NO.
950 E. Basse, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor			
	(No. and Street)		
San Antonio	Texas		78209
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON	TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO T	HIS REPORT	
Christopher Allison		210-9	930-4000
		(Ar	ea Code – Telephone No
В	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose of	pinion is contained in this Report*		
Moss Adams LLP			
(Name – if	individual, state last, first, middle	name)	
8750 N. Central Expressway, Suite 300	Dallas	TX	75231
(Address)	(City)	see M	lall Processing
CHECK ONE:    X   Certified Public Accountant   Public Accountant		M	AR U 1 2019
Accountant not resident in United S	states or any of its possessions.	Was	hington, DC_
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

		edules pertaining to the firm of <u>M.E. Allison &amp; Co., Inc.</u> , a er swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprieto
		any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	•	
		PR 10 DIL
	AMANDA M MACDANIEL MY COMMISSION EXPIRES	Chrital Alli Signature  President
	08/25/2020	Oignaturo
	NOTARY ID: 13079667-3	President
		Title
/	a 1 mm 1 ~	7
<u>C</u>	Ungarda 1111/acdaniel	<u> </u>
	Notary Public	
$\overline{}$	his report** contains (check all applicable boxe	<del>)</del> \$):
XIXIXIXIX	(a) Facing Page.	
X	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
X	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
X	(d) Statement of Cash Flows.	
Щ	<b>1</b>	' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Sub	ordinated to Claims of Creditors.
X	(g) Computation of Net Capital.	·
		erve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
Ц		or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
		explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
		ne Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	• • •	and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to meth
_	of consolidation.	
X	(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Repo	
	(n) A report describing any material inade	equacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of
pre	evious audit.	
17	(a) Report on Independent Registered Pub	lic Accounting Firm on Management's Exemption Report.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filling, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.

### Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2018, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the *financial statements*). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### Opinion on the Supplemental Information

The information in Schedule I has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of the Company's financial statements. The information in Schedule I is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our audit procedures include determining whether the information in Schedule I reconciles to the financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in Schedule I. In forming our opinion on the information in Schedule I, we evaluated whether the information in Schedule I, including its form and content is presented in conformity with 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5. In our opinion, the information in Schedule I is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Dallas, Texas February 27, 2019

Mess adams LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2016.

# M. E. ALLISON & CO., INC.

# Statement of Financial Condition

# December 31, 2018

# **ASSETS**

Cash	\$ 16,685
Deposits with and receivable from clearing broker-dealer	448,589
Income tax refund receivable	6,406
Securities owned, at fair value	2,498,133
Deferred income tax asset	129,555
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements - net	18,710
Goodwill	13,000
Other assets	 31,953
	\$ 3,163,031
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 156,327
Payable to clearing broker-dealer	1,700,937
Income tax payable	8,891
	1.2.
	1,866,155
Stockholders' equity	
Common stock, par value \$100; 385 shares issued	
and outstanding; 500 shares authorized	38,500
Additional paid-in capital	3,850
Retained earnings	 1,254,526
Total stockholders' equity	1,296,876
	\$ 3,163,031

# M. E. ALLISON & CO., INC.

# Statement of Operations

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Revenues		
Financial advisory fees	\$	63,450
Municipal underwriting fees		180,031
Investment advisory fees		253,879
Brokerage commissions		680,705
Distribution fees		894,506
Net trading gains		227,672
Interest and dividends		93,286
Net unrealized losses on investment securities		(411,522)
Net realized gains on investment securities		(1,703)
Other	<u> </u>	16,736
Total revenues		1,997,040
Expenses		
Employee compensation including commissions		1,578,049
Clearing expense		114,401
Communications		87,770
Occupancy and equipment		167,751
Regulatory		25,011
Interest		41,758
Other expenses		305,454
Total expenses	water.	2,320,194
Loss before income taxes		(323,154)
Income taxes (benefit)		(84,553)
Net loss	\$	(238,601)

# M. E. ALLISON & CO., INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	 Total
Balances, December 31, 2017	385	\$ 38,500	\$ 3,850	\$ 1,493,127	\$ 1,535,477
Net loss				(238,601)	(238,601)
Balances, December 31, 2018	385	\$ 38,500	\$ 3,850	\$ 1,254,526	\$ 1,296,876

# M. E. ALLISON & CO., INC.

# Statement of Cash Flows

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$	(238,601)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net		
cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		17,499
Unrealized losses on investments securities		411,522
Realized loss on investments securities		1,703
Deferred income tax benefits		(94,010)
Provision for doubtful accounts		10,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in deposit with and receivable from clearing broker-dealers		(101,607)
Decrease in underwriting fees receivable		1,150
Decrease in income tax refund receivable		2,277
Increase in trading securities owned	•	(286,430)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		18,939
Increase in payable to clearing broker-dealer		1,700,937
Increase in income tax payable	•	3,866
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,447,245
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of investment securities		(6,866,219)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities		5,342,915
Net cash used by investing activities		(1,523,304)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		MM
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(76,059)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		92,744
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	16,685
Supplemental schedule of cash flow information		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	-
Cash paid for interest	\$	41,758
·		·

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Business Operations**

M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company operates under (SEC) Rules 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and (k)(2)(i), which provide that all funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company is an independent full-service Broker/Dealer and Investment Advisory firm.

#### **Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606, to supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP. ASU 2014-09 also requires new qualitative and quantitative disclosures, including disaggregation of revenues and descriptions of performance obligations. The Company adopted the provisions of this guidance on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. The Company has performed an assessment of its revenue contracts and has not identified any material changes to the timing or amount of its revenue recognition under ASU 2014-09. The Company's accounting policies did not change materially as a result of applying the principles of revenue recognition from ASU 2014-09 and are largely consistent with existing guidance and current practices applied by the Company.

#### Financial Advisory Fees

The Company provides advisory services to governmental entities on structuring debt offerings. Revenue for financial advisory fees are generally recorded at the time the arrangement is completed (the closing date of the transaction) or the contract is cancelled, and the income is reasonably determinable.

#### **Municipal Underwriting Fees**

The Company underwrites securities for governmental entities that want to raise funds through the sale of securities. Revenues are earned from fees arising from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter. Revenue is recognized on the trade date (the date on which the Company purchases the securities from the issuer) for the portion the Company is contracted to buy. The Company believes that the trade date is the appropriate point in time to recognized revenue for securities underwriting transactions as there are no significant actions which the Company needs to take subsequent to this date and the issuer obtains the control and benefit of the capital markets offering at this point.

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### **Investment Advisory Fees**

The Company provides investment advisory services on a daily basis. The Company believes the performance obligation for proving advisory services is satisfied over time because the customer is receiving and consuming the benefits as they are provided by the Company. Fee arrangements are based on a percentage applied to the customer's assets under management. Fees are received quarterly and are recognized as revenue at that time as they relate specifically to the services provided in that period, which are distinct from the services provided in other periods.

#### **Brokerage Commission**

The Company buys and sells securities on behalf of its customers. Each time a customer enters into a buy or sell transaction, the Company charges a commission. Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a settlement date basis, which is generally two business days after the trade date. If materially different, commissions income and related expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis. (the date that the Company fills the trade order by finding and contracting with a counterparty and confirms the trade with the customer). The Company believes that the performance obligation us satisfied on the trade date because that is when the underlying risk and rewards of ownership have been transferred to/from the customer.

#### **Distribution Fees**

The Company enters into arrangements with managed accounts or other pooled investment vehicles (funds) to distribute shares to investors. The Company may receive distribution fees paid by the fund up front, over time, upon the investor's exit from the fund (that is, a contingent deferred sales charge), or as a combination thereof. The Company believes that its performance obligation is the sale of securities to investors and as such that is fulfilled on the trade date. Any fixed amounts are recognized on the trade date and variable amounts are recognized to the extent it is probable that a significant revenue reversal will not occur once the uncertainty is resolved. For variable amounts, as the uncertainty is dependent on the value of the shares at future points in time as well as the length of time the investor remains in the fund, both of which are highly susceptible to factors outside the Company's influence, the Company does not believe that it can overcome this constraint until the market value of the fund and the investor activities are known, which are usually monthly or quarterly. Distribution fees recognized in the current period are primarily related to performance obligations that have been satisfied in prior periods.

#### **Trading and Investment Gains**

Transactions in securities owned by the Company are recorded on a trade-date basis. Commission revenues and expenses are recorded Securities owned and securities sold short, not yet purchased, are carried at fair value as determined by management. The increase or decrease in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation of securities is credited or charged to operations. The Company believes that the performance obligation us satisfied on the trade date because that is when the underlying financial instrument or purchaser is identified, the pricing is agreed upon and the risk and rewards of ownership have been transferred to/from the Company.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is provided principally by accelerated methods using estimated useful lives of five to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease.

#### Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial and income tax reporting. Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred taxes are also recognized for net operating losses, disallowed charitable contributions, and capital losses that are available to offset future taxable income, subject to a valuation allowance.

Any potential interest and penalty associated with a tax contingency, should one arise, would be included as a component of income tax expense in the period in which the assessment arises. Income tax returns are generally subject to examination by the respective federal and state authorities over various statutes of limitations generally three to four years from the date of filing.

#### Goodwill

The Company entered into an agreement, effective November 1, 2012, for consideration of \$130,000 in cash whereby it purchased the securities business of Presidio Financial, Inc. ("Seller") in a transaction accounted for as a business combination under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company has recorded goodwill of \$13,000 related to this acquisition.

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in the business combination discussed above. The Company has one reporting unit based on guidance in U.S. GAAP.

Goodwill impairment is assessed at least annually or more often upon the occurrence of an indicator of impairment. In evaluating goodwill for impairment, the Company has the option to make a qualitative evaluation about the likelihood of goodwill impairment to determine whether it should calculate the fair value of a reporting unit. If fair value of the reporting unit is calculated and it is less than its carrying value, the Company is required to go to the second step. The second step involves allocating the calculated fair value to all of the assets and liabilities of the reporting unit as if the calculated fair value was the purchase price in a business combination. This allocation would include assigning value to any previously unrecognized intangible assets. The impairment is measured by comparing the implied fair value of the Company's goodwill with its carrying amount and an impairment loss may be recognized up to that excess. Based on the results of a qualitative evaluation, the Company determined that no impairment existed at December 31, 2018.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2016, the ASU 2016-02, Leases, which establishes a right-of-use model that requires a lessee to record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of operations. The Company expects to adopt the provisions of this guidance on January 1, 2019. The right of use asset and corresponding lease liability for these leases will be recognized on the Company's balance sheet upon adoption. The Company is evaluating the impact that ASU 2016-02 will have on its related disclosures.

#### Note 2 - Deposits with and Receivable from Clearing Broker-Dealers

Deposit with clearing broker-dealer consists of cash required to be maintained at the clearing broker-dealer for clearing and trading activities. Receivable from clearing broker-dealers is comprised of commissions and other items. Such amounts are normally collected within 15 days after month end. Receivables from clearing and other broker dealers was \$448,589 at December 31, 2018.

#### Note 3 - Furniture, Equipment & Leasehold improvements

A summary of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements at December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	\$	516,559
Leasehold improvements		<u>40,250</u>
•		556,809
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(540,099)
·	<u>\$</u>	<u> 18,710</u>

#### Note 4 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2018, the Company had net capital of approximately \$669,063 and net capital requirements of \$250,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .25 to 1. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

#### Note 5 - Securities Owned

Securities owned at fair value as of December 31, 2018 consist of listed equities and state and municipal obligations and are classified as either trading or investment securities. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Company categorizes its financial instruments recorded at fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the Statement of Financial Condition are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities whose value are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect management's judgment about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

State and municipal obligations consist of debt securities that are valued based on quotations received from dealers who make markets in such securities or by independent pricing services. These pricing services generally utilize matrix pricing which considers yield or price of bonds of comparable quality, coupon, maturity and type as well as dealer supplied prices.

Collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMO") are valued based on an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model. The significant inputs to this model include yield, prepayment speed, default rate, and loss severity.

# Note 5 - Securities Owned, continued

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2018.

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	 Level 2	<u>L</u>	<u>evel 3</u>
Listed equities and mutual funds	\$ 1,503,314	\$ 1,503,314	\$ 	\$	<b>,</b>
Corporate Bonds	40,640		40,640		
State and municipal					
obligations	<u>952,179</u>		<u>952,179</u>		***
	<u>\$ 2,498,133</u>	<u>\$ 1,503,314</u>	<u>\$992,819</u>	<u>\$</u>	***

#### Note 6 - Commitment and Contingencies

The Company has an operating lease for office space owned by a stockholder/officer. The lease provides for an option to renew for 5 years. Future minimum lease obligations are as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	
2019	120,000
2020	120,000
2021	120,000
2022	<u>35,484</u>
	\$ 395,484

Rent expense under operating leases was \$125,068 during 2018.

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the credit worthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

The Company engages in short selling activities; it borrows securities and sells them to third parties. Until the Company covers its short position it is exposed to market risk to the extent that subsequent market fluctuations may require purchasing securities sold short at prices that may be significantly higher than the fair value reflected in financial statements. There were no short positions at December 31, 2018.

The Company is required to indemnify its clearing broker/dealer if a customer fails to settle a securities transaction, according to its clearing agreement. Management was neither aware, nor had it been notified of any potentially material indemnification loss at December 31, 2018.

#### Note 7 - Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets follow:

Investment securities  Total deferred income tax assets	116,209 116,209
Goodwill and other intangible assets  Total deferred income tax liabilities	13,346 13,346
Net deferred tax assets	<u>\$129,555</u>
The provision (benefit) for income taxes consists of the following:	
Current expense - federal	\$8,891
Current expense – state	566
Deferred benefit – federal	(94,010) \$ (84,553)

Expected income tax expense from applying statutory rates to net income before income taxes differs from actual income tax expense because of permanent differences related to tax exempt interest, meals and entertainment.

#### Note 8 - Concentrations

The Company's customer base is primarily located throughout Texas. Deposits with and receivable from payable to clearing broker-dealers are with a broker-dealer located in Massachusetts.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant risk.

Supplemental Information

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Year Ended

December 31, 2018

### Schedule I

# M.E. ALLISON & CO., INC.

# Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

# As of December 31, 2018

# **Computation of Net Capital**

Total ownership equity qualified for net capital		\$ 1,296,876
Deductions and/or charges		
Non-allowable assets:		
Petty cash	\$ 300	
Income tax refund	6,406	
Property and equipment, net	18,710	
Goodwill	13,000	
Deferred income tax asset	129,555	
Other assets	 31,953	 199,924
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		1,096,952
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(f)):		
Debt securities	69,236	
Other securities	225,797	
Undue Concentration	 132,856	 (427,889)
Net capital		\$ 669,063
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Items included in statement of financial condition		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		\$ 156,327
Income taxes payable		 8,891
Total aggregate indebtedness		\$ 165,218

#### Schedule I (continued)

# M.E. ALLISON & CO., INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2018

#### **Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement**

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	\$	11,015
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	\$	250,000
Minimum net capital requirement (greater of two minimum requirement amounts)	\$	250,000
Net capital in excess of minimum required	\$	419,063
Net Capital less greater of 10% of aggregate indebtedness or 120% of Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$	369,063
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.25	to 1

#### Reconciliation with Company's Computation

There are no material differences between this computation of net capital and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company and included in the unaudited Form X-17A-5 Part II FOCUS Report filing as of the same date.



# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.

We have reviewed management's statements, included in the accompanying M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. Exemption Report, in which (1) M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. identified the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. §15c3-3 under which M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3: (k)(2)(i), and (k)(2)(ii) (the exemption provisions) and (2) M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. stated that M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. met the identified exemption provisions throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception. M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.'s management is responsible for compliance with the exemption provisions and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, accordingly, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about the M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.'s compliance with the exemption provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the conditions set forth in paragraph (k)(2)(i) and (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Dallas, Texas

February 27, 2019

Mess Adams LLP

#### M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. Exemption Report

M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer subject to Rule 17a-5 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (17C.F.R. §240.17a-5, "Reports to be made by certain brokers and dealers").

This Exemption Report was prepared as required by 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5 (d)(1) and (4). To the best of its knowledge and belief, the Company states the following:

- (1) The Company claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. §15c3-3 under the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3 (k):2[i]:
  - i. Who carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers and effectuates all financial transactions between the broker or dealer and its customers through one or more bank accounts, each to be designated as "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers of (name of the broker or dealer)";

And

The Company claimed an exemption from 17C.F.R. §240.15c3-3 under the following provisions of 17 C.F.R.§240.15c3-3(k):2[ii]:

- ii. Who, as an introducing broker or dealer, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer, and who promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker or dealer which carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to the requirements of §§240.17a-3 and 240.17a4 of this chapter, as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker or dealer.
- (2) The Company met the identified exemption provisions in 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3(k) throughout the period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018.

I, <u>Christopher Allison</u>, swear that, to my best knowledge and belief, this Exemption report is true and correct.

Christopher Allison

President

M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm On SIPC Annual Assessment December 31, 2018



# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

To the Board of Directors M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.

We have performed the procedures included in Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and in the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) Series 600 Rules, which are enumerated below and were agreed to by M. E. Allison & Co., Inc. (Company) and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), solely to assist you and the SIPC in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) for the year ended December 31, 2018. Management of the Company is responsible for its Form SIPC-7 and for its compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the total revenue amount reported on the Annual Audited Report Form X-17A-5 Part III for the year ended December 31, 2018 with the total revenue amount reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2018, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
- 4. Recalculated the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and,
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 and SIPC-6 on which it was originally computed, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or a review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2018. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Company and the SIPC, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dallas, Texas

February 27, 2019

Mess adams LLP

# (36-REV 12/18)

# SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300 General Assessment Reconciliation

(36-REV 12/18)

For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2018 . (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

# TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)  B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude Interest)	\$ 1,934.64 ( 1,507.59
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude Interest)  July 27, 2018  Date Paid  C. Less prior overpayment applied	( 1,507.59
July 27, 2018  Date Paid  C. Less prior overpayment applied	
C. Less prior overpayment applied	
	(
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days at 20	0% per annum
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forwar	. ADT DE
G. PAYMENT: √ the box Check mailed to P.O. Box □ Funds Wired □ ACH □ Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward  Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 19:	34 Act registration number):
SIPC member submitting this form and the son by whom it is executed represent thereby t all information contained herein is true, correct complete.	M. E. Allison & Co., Inc.  ame of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)  (Authorized Signature)
ted the day of, 20	President
is form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fis a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible	(Title) scal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form le place.
Dates:  Postmarked Received Reviewed  Calculations Documentation  Exceptions:  Disposition of exceptions:	- 10····
	Forward Copy

# DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 1/1/2018 and ending 12/31/2018

Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	<b>1</b> .	Eliminate cents \$_1,997,040
2b. Additions:  (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (e)	xcept foreign subsidiaries) and	
predecessors not included above.		
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading acc	counts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading	accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a	<b>3.</b>	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting	ng or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and profit from management of or participation in underwriting or d		
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.		354,202
Total additions		354,202
2c. Deductions:  (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the advisory services rendered to registered investment companies accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	business of insurance, from investment	894,506
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.		-
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.		114,401
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitati	on.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.		
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper the from issuance date.		
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section	in connection with other revenue 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.		
(See Instruction C):		10,816
(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)		10,010
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	NA Line 13, \$_41,757	
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	\$	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)		41,757
Total deductions		1,061,480
td. SIPC Net Operating Revenues		\$ 1,289,762
te. General Assessment @ .0015		<b>\$</b> 1,934.64
		(to page 1, line 2.A.)